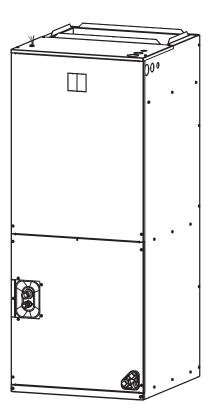
DiamondAir INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

HIGH EFFICIENCY AIR HANDLERS 1.5-5Tons

FEATURING R410A OR R22 REFRIGERANT



RECOGNIZE THIS SYMBOL AS AN INDICATION OF IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

These instructions are intended as an aid to qualified licensed service personnel for proper installation, adjustment and operation of this unit. Read these instructions thoroughly before attempting installation or operation. Failure to follow these instruction may result in improper installation, adjustment, service or maintenance possibly resulting in fire, electrical shock, property damage, personal injury or death.



DO NOT DESTROY THIS MANUAL Please read carefully and keep in a safe place for future reference by a serviceman.

CONTENTS

1. SAFETY	2
2. GENERAL	3
3. APPLICATIONS	6
4. ELECTRICAL WIRING	8
5. AIRFLOW PERFORMANCE	10
6. DUCTWORK	12
7. REFRIGERANT CONNECTIONS	
8. AIR FILTER (NOT FACTORY-INSTALLED)	13
9. FILTER INSTALLATION DIMENSIONS	14
10. WIRING DIAGRAM	15

Air Handler Features

- Multi-speed blower motor.
- Replace piston to TXV easily.
- Multi-position installation upflow or horizontal right standard; field convertible to horizontal left or downflow.
- Multiple electrical entry locations.
- Field-installed electric heater kits 5, 7.5, 10, 15, 20 kW available as an accessory.
- Dual front panel design for ease of maintenance.
- Blower and coil easy slide out for ease of maintenance.
- Fully-insulated cabinet design.
- Horizontal and vertical condensate drain pans standard.
- Condensate drain pan is polymer with UVC inhibitor.
- Primary and secondary condensate drain fittings.
- Factory-sealed cabinet certified to achieve 2% or less air leakage rate at 1.0 inch water column.
- Integrated filter rack with tool-less door access.
- AHRI and ETL listed.

This document is customer property and is to remain with this unit.

These instructions do not cover all the different variations systems nor does it provide for every possible contingency to be met in connection with installation.

All phases of this installation must comply with national state and local codes. If additional information is required, please contact your local distributor.

1. SAFETY



This is a safety alert symbol. When you see this symbol on labels or in manuals, be alert to the potential for personal injury.

This is an attention alert symbol. When you see this symbol on labels or in manuals, be alert to the potential for personal injury.



WARNING

Disconnect all power to unit before installing or servicing. More than one disconnect switch may be required to de-energize the equipment. Hazardous voltage can cause server personal injury or death.

WARNING

If removal of the blower assembly is required, all disconnect switches supplying power to the equipment must be de-energized and locked (if not in sight of unit) so the field power wires can be safely removed from the blower assembly. Failure to do so can cause electrical shock resulting in personal injuring or death.

WARNING

Because of possible damage to equipment or personal injury, installation, service, and maintenance should be performed by a trained, qualified service personnel. Consumer service is recommended only for filter cleaning/replacement. Never operate the unit with the access panels removed.

<u>A</u>

WARNING

These instructions are intended as an aid to qualified, licensed service personnel for proper installation, adjustment and operation of this unit. Read these instructions thoroughly before attempting installation or operation. failure to follow these instructions may result in improper installation, adjustment, service or maintenance possibly resulting in fire, electrical shock, property damage, personal injury or death.



WARNING

The unit must be permanently grounded. Failure to do so can result in electrical shock causing personal injury or death.

WARNING

PROPOSITION 65: This appliance contains fiberglass insulation. Respirable particles of fiberglass are known to State of California to cause cancer.

All manufacturer products meet current federal OSHA Guidelines for safety. California Proposition 65 warnings are required for certain products, which are not covered by the OSHA standards.

California's Proposition 65 requires warnings for products sold in California that contain or produce any of over 600 listed chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or birth defects such as fiberglass insulation, lead in brass, and combustion products from natural vapor.

All "new equipment" shipped for sale in California will have labels stating that the product contains and/or produces Proposition 65 chemicals. Although we have not changed our processes, having the same label on all our products facilitates manufacturing and shipping. We cannot always know "when, or if" products will be sold in the California market.

You may receive inquiries from customers about chemicals found in, or produced by, some of our heating and air-conditioning equipment, or found in natural vapor used with some of our products. Listed below are those chemicals and substances commonly associated with similar equipment in our industry and other manufacturers.

Glass Wool (Fiberglass) Insulation Carbon Monoxide (CO) Formaldehyde Benzene

More details are available at the websites for OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration), at <u>www.osha.gov</u> and the State of California's OEHHA (Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment), at <u>www.oehha.org</u>. Consumer education is important since the chemicals and substances on the list are found in our daily lives. Most consumers are aware that products present safety and health risks, when improperly used, handled and maintained.

CAUTION

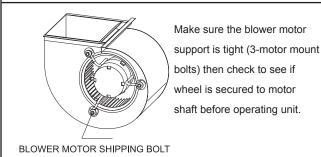


Fig.1 CHECKING MOTOR FIX STATUS

WARNING

The first 6 inches of supply air plenum and ductwork must be constructed of sheet metal as required by NFPA 90B. The supply air plenum or duct must have a solid sheet metal bottom directly under the unit with no openings, registers or flexible air ducts located in it. If flexible supply air ducts are used, they may be located only in the vertical walls of rectangular plenum, a minimum of 6 inches from the solid bottom. Metal plenum of duct may be connected to the combustible floor base, if not, it must be connected to the unit supply duct exposed to the supply air opening from the downflow unit. Exposing combustible (non-metal) material to the supply opening of a downflow unit can cause a fire resulting in property damage, personal injury or death.

Exception warning to downflow:

Installations on concrete floor slab with supply air plenum and ductwork completely encased must be not less than 2 inches of concrete (See NFPA 90A).

2. GENERAL

The unit can be positioned for bottom return air in the upflow position, left and right return in the horizontal position, top return in downflow position.

This Air Handler provides the flexibility for installation in any upflow or downflow horizontal application. The direct drive motors provide a selection of air volume to match any application. 3-Speed motors provide selections of air flow to meet desired applications.

Top and side power and control wiring, accessible screw terminals for control wiring all combine to make the installation easy, and minimize installation cost. See Fig.6. Do not install unit in an area where flammable materials are present due to the risk of an explosion resulting in serious injury or death.

WARNING

If the supporting structural members are not strong enough to take the unit's weight, the unit could fall out of place and cause serious injury.

If a return-air duct is not installed, carefully select the place and method of product installation so that air flow into the product will not be blocked.

The unit should be installed in a level position to ensure proper condensation drainage. Up to an additional ¼" rise over the width or depth of the unit is allowed to create additional sloping towards the drain. Unit must be positioned between level and ¼" rise, sloping toward the drain connections.

Install the indoor and outdoor unit, power supply wiring and connecting wires at least 3.5 ft. away from televisions or radios in order to prevent image interference or noise.

To ensure the proper installation, select a solid and level site. Ensure enough space maintained for installation and maintenance. See Fig.2 and Fig.3.

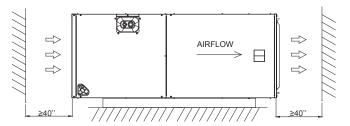


Fig.2 CLEARANCES IN THE HORIZONTAL POSITION

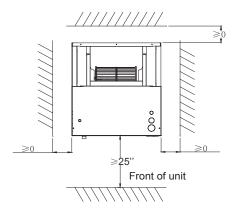


Fig.3 CLEARANCES IN THE VERTICAL POSITION

When the unit is installed in a hot and humid place, If the humidity inside the installation space might exceed 86°F and RH 80%, it is recommended to insulate the cabinet exterior.

Use glass wool or polyethylene foam as insulation so that the thickness is more than 2 in. and fits inside the installation space opening.

Respectively, condensation may form on the surface of the insulation. Be sure to use insulation that is designed for use with HVAC Systems

Condensation may form on the product during cool operation. It is also recommended to use second drain pan and secure the unit firmly to prevent it from falling.see Fig.4 and Fig.5.

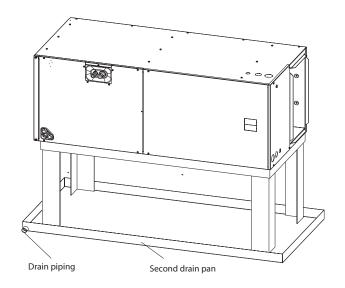


Fig.5 INSTALLED HORIZONTALLY

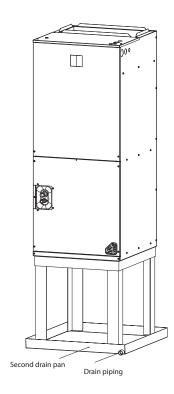
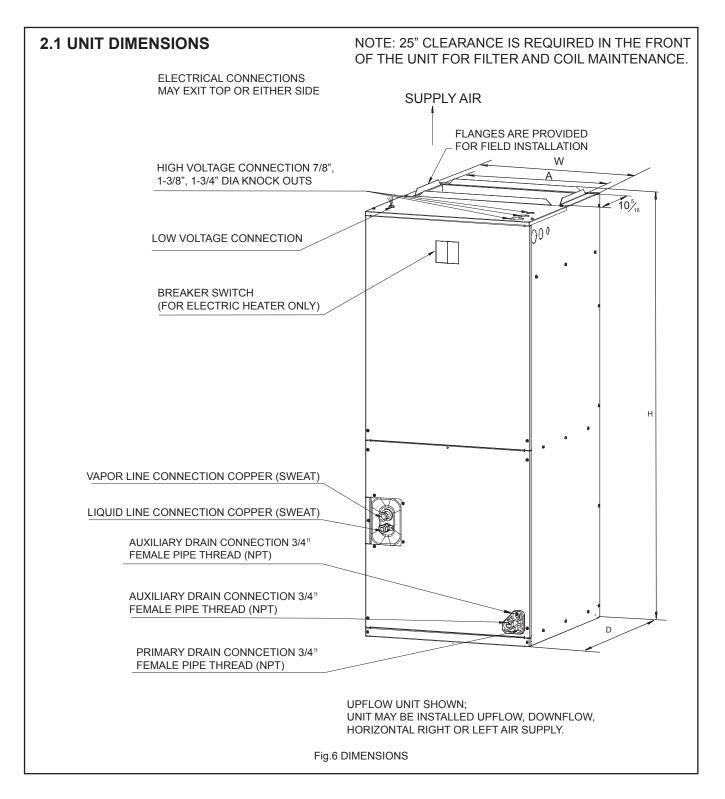


Fig.4 INSTALLED VERTICALLY



DIMENSIONAL DATA

		Dimensions	inch [mm]		UNIT WEIGHT
MODEL SIZE	UNIT HEIGHT	UNIT WIDTH	UNIT LENGHT	SUPPLY	/SHIPPING WEIGHT
	"H" IN. [mm]	"W" IN.[mm]	"D" IN.[mm]	DUCT "A"	(LBS.[kg])
24	41-3/8"[1050]	18-1/8"[460]	20-1/2"[520]	16"[406]	101/114 [46]/[52]
36	46-1/2"[1180]	19-5/8"[500]	21-5/8"[550]	18"[456]	125/141 [57]/[64]
48,60	54-1/2"[1385]	22"[560]	24"[610]	19-1/2"[496]	159/177 [72]/[80]

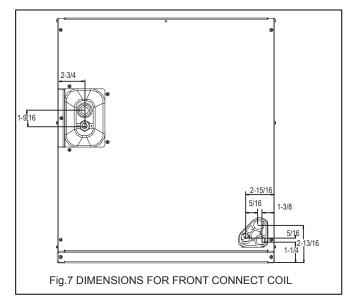
3 APPLICATIONS

3.1 VERTICAL UPFLOW

- Vertical Upflow configuration is the factory set on all models.See Fig.6.
- If return air is to be ducted, install duct flush with floor.
 Use fireproof resilient gasket 1/8 to 1/4 in. thick between the ducts, unit and floor. Set unit on floor over opening.

IMPORTANT NOTE

Torque applied to drain connections should not exceed 15ft.lbs.See Fig.6&7.



3.2 VERTICAL DOWNFLOW

Conversion to Vertical Downflow: A vertical upflow unit may be converted to vertical downflow. Remove the door and indoor coil and reinstall 180° from original position. See Fig.8.

IMPORTANT: To comply with certification agencies and the National Electric Code for downflow application, the circuit breaker(s) on field-installed electric heater kits must be re-installed per procedure below so that the breaker switch "on" position and marking is up and, "off" position and marking is down.

 To rotate breaker(s): Rotate one breaker set (circuit) at a time starting with the one on the right. Loosen both lugs on the load side of the breaker. (Make sure that wires are identified and are reinstalled into proper breaker).Wires are bundled with wire ties, one bundle going to the right lug and one bundle going to the left lug.

- Using a screwdriver or pencil, lift white plastic tab with hole away from breaker until breaker releases from mounting opening.
- With breaker held in hand, rotate breaker so that "on" position is up, "off" position is down with unit in planned vertical mounting position. insert right wire bundle into top right breaker lug, ensuring all strands of all wires are inserted fully into lug, and no wire insulation is in lug.
- Tighten lug as tight as possible while holding circuit breaker.
 Check wires and make sure each wire is secure and none are loose. Repeat for left wire bundle in left top circuit breaker lug.
- Replace breaker by inserting breaker mounting tab opposite white pull tab in opening, hook mounting tab over edge in opening.
- With screwdriver or pencil, pull blue tab with hole away from breaker while setting that side of breaker into opening. When breaker is in place, release tab, locking circuit breaker into location in opening.
- Repeat above operation for remaining breaker(s) (if more than one is provided).
- Replace single point wiring jumper bar, if it is used, on line side of breaker and tighten securely.
- Double check wires and lugs to make sure all are secure and tight. Check to make sure unit wiring to circuit breaker load lugs match that shown on the unit wiring diagram.



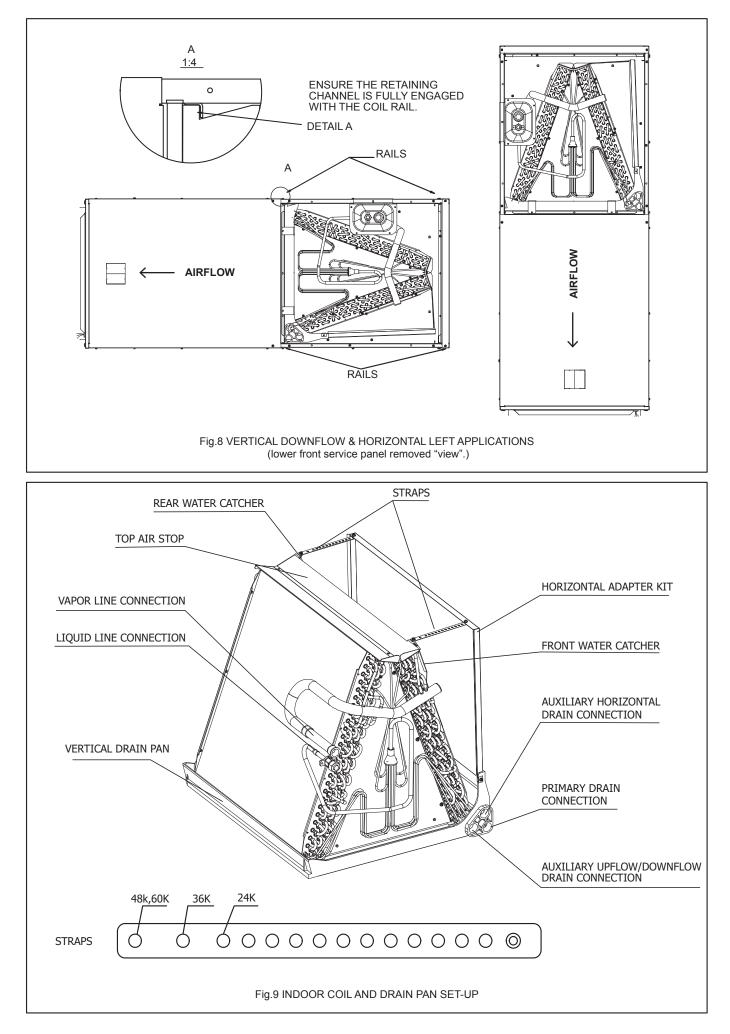
CAUTION

When using the unit with electrical heater, the switch is used only for electrical heater on the front of panel.

3.3 HORIZONTAL

Horizontal right is the default factory configuration for the units. Horizontal left isn't the default factory configuration for the units. Conversion to Horizontal left: A vertical upflow unit may be converted to horizontal left by removing indoor coil assembly and reinstalling coil as shown for left hand air supply.

- Rotate unit into the downflow position, with the coil compartment on top and the blower compartment on bottom. See Fig. 8.
- Reinstall the indoor coil 180° from original position. Ensure the retaining channel is fully engaged with the coil rail. See Fig. 8.
- Secondary drain pan kits are recommended when the unit is configured for the horizontal position over a finished ceiling and/or living space.



Â

CAUTION

Horizontal units must be configured for right hand air supply or left hand air supply. Horizontal drain pan must be located under indoor coil. Failure to use the drain pan can result in property damage.

Conversion in Horizontal Direction: Horizontal right-hand supply can be changed to horizontal left-hand supply by removing the indoor coil and reinstalling 180° from original.

3.4 INSTALLATION IN AN UNCONDITIONED SPACE

IMPORTANT: There are two pairs of coil rails in the air handler for default and counter flow application. If the air handler is installed in an unconditioned space, the two unused coil rails should be removed to minimize air handler surface sweating. The coil rails can be easily removed by taking off the 6 mounting screws from both sides of the cabinet.

4. ELECTRICAL WIRING

Field wiring must comply with the National Electric Code (C.E.C. in Canada) and any applicable local ordinance.

WARNING

Disconnect all power to unit before installing or servicing. More than one disconnect switch may be required to de-energize the equipment. Hazardous voltage can cause severe personal injury or death.

4.1 POWER WIRING

It is important that proper electrical power is available for connection to the unit model being installed. See the unit nameplate, wiring diagram and electrical data in the installation instructions.

- If required, install a branch circuit disconnect of adequate size, located within sight of, and readily accessible to the unit.
- IMPORTANT: After the Electric Heater is installed, units may be equipped with one two or three 30-60 amp. circuit breakers. These breaker(s) protect the internal wiring in the event of a short circuit and serve as a disconnect. Circuit breakers installed within the unit do not provide over-current protection of the supply wiring and therefore may be sized larger than the branch circuit protection.

- Supply circuit power wiring must be 75°C minimum copper conductors only. See Electrical Data in this section for ampacity, wire size and circuit protector requirement. Supply circuit protective devices may be either fuses or "HACR" type circuit breakers.
- Power wiring may be connected to either the right, left side or top. Three 7/8", 1-3/8", 1-3/4" dia. concentric knockouts are provided for connection of power wiring to unit.
- Power wiring is connected to the power terminal block in unit electric cabinet.

4.2 CONTROL WIRING

IMPORTANT: Class 2 low voltage control wiring should not be run in conduit with main power wiring and must be separated from power wiring, unless class 1 wire of proper voltage rating is used.

- Low voltage control wiring should be 18 Awg. color-coded. For lengths longer than 100 ft., 16 Awg. wire should be used.
- Low voltage control connections are made to low voltage pigtails extending from top of air handler (upflow position - see Fig3).
- Connections for control wiring are made with wire nuts. Control wiring knockouts (5/8" and 7/8") are also provided on the right and left side of the unit for side connection.
- See wiring diagrams attached to indoor and outdoor sections to be connected.
- Make sure, after installation, separation of control wiring and power wiring has been maintained.

4.3 GROUNDING

The unit must be permanently grounded. Failure to do so can result in electrical shock causing personal injury or death.

- Grounding may be accomplished by grounding metal conduit when installed in accordance with electrical codes to the unit cabinet.
- Grounding may also be accomplished by attaching ground wire(s) to ground lug(s) provided in the unit wiring compartment.
- Ground lug(s) are located close to wire entrance on left side of unit (up-flow). Lug(s) may be moved to marked locations near wire entrance on right side of unit (up-flow). If alternate location is more convenient.
- Use of multiple supply circuits require grounding of each circuit to lug(s) provided in unit.

4.4 ELECTRICAL DATA

MODEL	VOLTAGE	HERTZ	HP	SPEEDS	CIRCUIT AMPS.	MAXIMUM CIRCUIT PROTECTOR
24	208/230	60	1/3	5	2.6	15(A)
36	208/230	60	1/2	5	3.0	15(A)
48,60	208/230	60	3/4	5	4.5	15(A)

4.5 ELECTRIC KIT MCA/MOP DATA

Heat Kit	Air Handler	Electric	MIN. Circu	uit Ampacity	MAX.Fuse (HACR) A	or Breaker Ampacity	Minimum Heating Blower Speed
Model	Model	Heat(kW)	240	208	240	208	(AC/HP)
EHK-05A		5	29.4	25.9	30	30	Low
EHK-08A	24	7.5	42.4	37.2	45	40	Low
EHK-10A		10	55.4	48.5	60	50	Low
EHK-05A		5	29.9	26.4	30	30	Low
EHK-08A		7.5	42.9	37.7	45	40	Low
EHK-10A	36	10	55.9	49	60	50	Low
EHK-15B		15	55.9/26.1	49/22.6	60/30	50/25	Low
EHK-20B		20	55.9/52.1	49/45.2	60/60	50/50	Low
EHK-05A		5	31.8	28.3	35	30	Low
EHK-08A		7.5	44.8	39.6	45	40	Low
EHK-10A	48,60	10	57.8	50.9	60	60	Low
EHK-15B		15	57.8/26.1	50.9/22.6	60/30	60/25	Low
EHK-20B		20	57.8/52.1	50.9/45.2	60/60	60/50	Low

* Heat kit suitable for AHU 4-way position installation. Ampacities for MCA and Fuse/breaker including the blower motor.

Heat pump systems require a specified airflow. Each ton of cooling requires between 350 and 450 cubic feet of air per minute (CFM), or 400 CFM nominally.

Electric Heater Kits

NO.	Kit#	Description	Ref. Air Handler use
1	EHK-05A	5kW Heat Strip	24,36,48,60
2	EHK-08A	7.5kW Heat Strip	24,36,48,60
3	EHK-10A	10kW Heat Strip	24,36,48,60
4	EHK-15B	15kW Heat Strip, double Breaker panel	36,48,60
5	EHK-20B	20kW Heat Strip, double Breaker panel	36,48,60

5. AIRFLOW PERFORMANCE (AIR HANDLERS ARE SUITABLE FOR MOBILE HOME APPLICATIONS)

Airflow performance data is based on cooling performance with a coil and no filter in place. Select performance table for appropriate unit size. External static applied to unit allows operation within the minimum and maximum limits shown in table below for both cooling and electric heat operation.

AIRFLOW PERFORMANCE DATA

24 1 PowerW Current/A (Recommended) 49 57 64 70 75 82 91 97 11 2 (Recommended) SCFM 0.81 0.84 0.87 0.91 0.94 0.94 0.99 1.02 11 2 (Recommended) SCFM 633 69 77 83 90 96 103 1111 11 3 Power/W 63 69 77 83 90 96 103 1111 11 4 Current/A 0.84 0.87 0.93 0.96 0.99 1.03 1.07 1.13 1. 4 Current/A 0.95 0.99 1.11 1.14 1.12 128 133 11 1.07 1.13 1. 4 (Factory Default) Power/W 121 128 132 1.38 1.43 1.47 1.54 1.59 1. 5 Current/A 0.91 0.92 1.02 <t< th=""><th>Air</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>CFM</th><th>Wet Coil w</th><th>ithout filter a</th><th>and Electric</th><th>Heat</th><th></th><th></th></t<>	Air					CFM	Wet Coil w	ithout filter a	and Electric	Heat		
Model SCFM SO 54 500 54/4 511 447 404 345 311 273 22 1 SCFM 590 54/4 511 447 404 345 311 273 22 2 Current/A 0.77 0.81 0.84 0.87 0.91 0.94 309 90 91 102 1.03 1.11 1 1.13 1.1 1.1 1.14 1.18 1.21 1.28 1.33 1.41 1.14 1.18 1.21 1.28 1.33 1.41 1.14 1.18 1.21 1.28 1.35 1.44 151 159 1.59 1.5 1.5 <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>Exte</th><th>rnal Static I</th><th>Pressure-In</th><th>ches W.C.</th><th>[kPa]</th><th></th><th></th></t<>						Exte	rnal Static I	Pressure-In	ches W.C.	[kPa]		
24 1 Power/W Current/A (Recommended) 49 57 64 70 75 82 91 97 11 2 (Recommended) SCFM 0.77 0.81 0.84 0.87 0.91 0.94 0.99 1.02 11. 3 SCFM 633 591 535 490 446 388 354 3 2 SCFM 638 69 77 83 90 96 103 111 1 3 POwer/W 63 69 77 83 90 96 103 11.07 1.13 1. 4 Current/A 0.85 0.99 1.11 1.14 1.18 1.21 1.26 1.33 1.1 4 (Factory Default) Power/W 121 1.28 1.32 1.38 1.43 1.47 1.54 1.59 1. 5 Current/A 0.85 0.99 2.16 2.22 2.24 2.37	Nodel			0[0]	0.1[.025]	0.2[.050]		0.4[0.100]	0.5[0.125]	0.6[0.150]	0.7[0.175]	0.8[0.200]
24 1.5 Current/A 0.77 0.81 0.84 0.87 0.94 0.99 1.02 1. 2 (Recommended) SCFM 681 633 591 535 490 446 388 354 3 90wer/W 63 69 77 83 90 96 103 111 1 0.37 0.78 0.93 0.96 0.99 1.07 1.13 1.1 0.84 0.87 0.93 0.96 0.99 1.03 1.07 1.13 1.7 0.87 0.88 786 687 648 597 558 511 473 44 0.90 1.11 1.14 1.18 1.21 1.26 1.33 1.7 121 128 135 144 151 159 165 173 11 1103 1073 1036 998 997 934 896 856 8 2 SCFM <th></th> <th>239</th>												239
24 1.5 2 (Recommended) SCFM (Power/W Current/A 681 633 591 535 490 446 388 354 3 24 1.5 3 Current/A 0.87 0.93 0.96 0.99 1.03 1.07 1.13 1.1 3 Power/W (Factory Default) 0.86 91 100 108 114 121 128 133 14 4 (Factory Default) Ourent/M 0.99 1.11 1.14 1.14 1.12 1.26 1.31 1.1 5 Power/W (Factory Default) 0.95 0.99 1.11 1.14 1.13 1.41 1.154 1.59 1.65 1.73 11 6 SCEM 103 1073 1036 998 967 934 896 855 8 2.75 2.81 2.86 2.05 2.75 2.81 2.86 2.05 2.75 2.81 2.86 2.07 2.91 7 1.02 1.02		1							-		-	102
24 2 Power/W (Recommended) 63 (Current/A 0.84 0.87 0.93 0.96 0.09 1.03 1.11 1.13 3 SCFM 788 976 687 648 597 558 511 4/73												1.11
24 1.5 (Recommended) 0 Gurrent/A 0.84 0.87 0.93 0.96 0.99 1.03 1.07 1.13 1. 4 3 Power/W 86 736 687 648 597 558 511 473 44 1.5 3 Power/W 86 91 100 108 114 121 128 133 11 2 Current/A 0.95 0.99 1.11 1.14 1.18 1.21 128 133 141 4 (Factory Default) Power/W 121 128 132 138 143 147 1.54 1.59 1. 5 Power/W 233 241 249 258 265 275 281 286 22 2.234 2.37 2 6 Power/W 49 57 64 70 75 82 91 97 11 1200 Current/A 0.87 0.93 0.9		2										313
24 1.5 SCFM 788 736 687 648 597 558 511 473 4 24 1.5 3 Power/W 86 91 100 108 114 121 128 133 10 24 1.5 3 Current/A 0.95 0.99 1.11 1.14 1.18 1.21 1.28 133 10 26 Current/A 0.95 0.99 1.11 1.14 1.18 1.21 1.28 133 14 4 (Factory Default) Current/A 1.21 1.28 135 144 151 159 165 173 11 50 Mill 1073 1036 98 967 934 986 855 8 50 Current/A 1.97 2.03 2.09 2.16 2.22 2.29 2.34 2.37 2 1 Power/W 49 57 64 70 <td< th=""><th></th><th>Recommended</th><th>\</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>118</th></td<>		Recommended	\									118
24 1.5 3 Power/W 86 91 100 108 114 121 128 133 1 4 Current/A 0.95 0.99 1.11 1.14 1.18 1.21 1.26 1.31 1.1 4 (Factory Default) Power/W 121 128 135 144 151 159 165 173 11 Current/A 1.21 1.28 1.32 1.38 1.43 1.47 1.54 1.59 1.5 5 Power/W 233 241 249 258 265 275 281 286 2 214 2.37 2.2 1 Power/W 49 57 64 70 75 82 91 91 1.02 1.1 2 Power/W 63 69 77 83 90 96 103 111 11 2 Power/W 63 69 71 83		·										1.16 429
24 Current/A 0.95 0.99 1.11 1.14 1.18 1.21 1.26 1.31 1.1 4 (Factory Default) SCFM 883 842 796 758 717 681 642 599 5.1 5 SCFM 1103 1073 1036 998 967 934 896 855 8 6 Power/W 233 241 249 258 265 275 281 286 28 285 28 28 22 2.34 2.37 2 6 Power/W 49 57 64 70 75 82 91 97 11 2 SCFM 681 633 591 535 490 446 388 354 3 2 Power/W 63 69 77 83 90 96 103 111 11 2 SCFM 788 736 687 648	24 15	3										142
4 (Factory Default) SCFM Power/W Current/A 883 842 796 758 717 681 642 599 55 5 Power/W Current/A 1.21 1.28 1.35 1.44 151 159 165 173 11 5 Power/W 233 241 249 258 265 275 281 286 227 2.29 2.34 2.37 2.7 2.2 1 Power/W 233 241 249 258 265 275 281 286 227 2.29 2.34 2.37 2.7 2.2 1 Power/W 690 57 64 70 75 82 91 97 11 2 Power/W 63 69 77 83 90 946 388 354 33 2 Power/W 63 69 77 83 90 94 96 103 111 11 11.4	2-1 1.0	5										1.37
4 (Factory Default) Power/W Current/A 121 128 135 144 151 159 165 173 11 5 Power/W 233 241 249 258 265 275 281 286 22 229 2.34 2.37 22 1 1.97 2.03 2.09 2.16 2.22 2.29 2.34 2.37 22 2 Current/A 1.97 2.03 2.09 2.16 2.22 2.99 2.34 2.37 22 1 Power/W 49 57 64 70 75 82 91 97 11 1 Power/W 63 69 77 83 90 96 103 1111 11<												524
24 2 3 Current/A Power/W 1.21 233 1.22 24 1.32 24 1.32 24 1.32 1036 1.43 998 1.43 967 1.47 934 1.54 896 1.59 885 1. 886 2			Power/W									181
SCFM 1103 1073 1036 998 967 934 896 855 8 Power/W 233 241 249 258 265 275 281 286 22 Current/A 1.97 2.03 2.09 2.16 2.22 2.29 2.34 2.37 2.27 2.29 2.34 2.37 2.27 2.29 2.34 2.37 2.2 Power/W 49 57 64 70 75 82 91 97 11 Current/A 0.77 0.81 0.84 0.87 0.91 0.94 0.99 1.02 1. 1.02 1.02 1. 1.02 1.02 1.02 1.02 1.02 1.02 1.02 1.02 1.02 1.03 1.07 1.13 1.03 1.07 1.13 1.1 1.03 1.07 1.13 1.1 1.14 1.21 1.28 1.33 1.1 1.31 1.1 1.14 1.21 1.28		(Factory Default										1.64
24 2 Current/A 1.97 2.03 2.09 2.16 2.22 2.29 2.34 2.37 2. 1 SCFM 590 544 511 447 404 345 311 273 22 Power/W 49 57 64 70 75 82 91 97 11 Current/A 0.81 0.84 0.87 0.91 0.94 0.99 1.02 1. 2 SCFM 681 633 591 535 490 446 388 384 33 2 Power/W 63 69 77 83 90 96 103 111 1			SCFM	1103		1036	998		934	896	855	814
24 2 3 SCFM 590 544 511 447 404 345 311 273 22 2 Power/W 49 57 64 70 75 82 91 97 11 2 SCFM 0.81 0.84 0.87 0.91 0.94 0.99 1.02 1. 2 SCFM 681 633 591 535 490 446 388 354 33 Power/W 63 69 77 83 90 96 103 111 1 Current/A 0.84 0.87 0.93 0.96 0.99 1.03 1.07 1.13 1. 24 3 SCFM 788 736 687 648 597 558 511 473 42 4 Fower/W 86 91 100 108 114 121 128 133 1. 1.33 1.43 1.		5	Power/W	233	241	249	258	265	275	281	286	291
24 2 1 Power/W 49 57 64 70 75 82 91 97 11 2 Current/A 0.77 0.81 0.84 0.87 0.91 0.94 0.99 1.02 1. 2 SCFM 681 633 591 535 490 446 388 354 3 2 Power/W 63 69 77 83 90 96 103 111 1 Current/A 0.84 0.87 0.93 0.96 0.99 1.03 1.07 1.13 1. Current/A 0.84 0.87 0.93 0.96 0.99 1.03 1.07 1.13 1. Current/A 0.84 0.87 0.93 0.96 100 108 114 121 1.28 133 1.4 Current/A 0.95 0.99 1.11 1.14 1.18 1.21 1.26 1.31 1.1 <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>2.41</th></td<>												2.41
24 2 Current/A 0.77 0.81 0.84 0.87 0.91 0.94 0.99 1.02 1. 2 A SCFM 681 633 591 535 490 446 388 354 33 2 Power/W 63 69 77 83 90 96 103 111 11 Current/A 0.84 0.87 0.93 0.96 0.99 1.03 1.07 1.13 1. Current/A 0.84 0.87 0.93 0.96 0.99 1.03 1.07 1.13 1. Current/A 0.95 0.99 1.11 1.14 121 128 133 1. 4 (Factory Default) Power/W 86 91 100 108 114 121 128 133 1.4 4 (Factory Default) Power/W 121 128 135 144 151 159 165 173 <												239
24 2 SCFM 681 633 591 535 490 446 388 354 33 24 2 Power/W 63 69 77 83 90 96 103 111 11 Current/A 0.84 0.87 0.93 0.96 0.99 1.03 1.07 1.13 1.1 3 SCFM 788 736 687 648 597 558 511 473 44 100 108 114 121 128 133 1 1.1 1.14 1.18 1.21 1.26 1.31 1.1 4 (Factory Default) SCFM 883 842 796 758 717 681 642 599 55 4 (Factory Default) Power/W 121 128 135 144 151 159 165 173 11 5 Power/W 233 241 249 258 <th></th> <th>1</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>102</th>		1										102
24 2 Power/W 63 69 77 83 90 96 103 111 11 24 2 3 SCFM 788 736 687 648 597 558 511 473 44 24 3 SCFM 788 736 687 648 597 558 511 473 44 Power/W 86 91 100 108 114 121 128 133 14 Current/A 0.95 0.99 1.11 1.14 1.18 1.21 1.26 1.31 1. 4 (Factory Default) SCFM 883 842 796 758 717 681 642 599 55 5 Power/W 121 128 135 144 151 159 165 173 116 Current/A 1.21 1.28 1.32 1.38 1.43 1.47 1.54 1.59												1.11
24 2 3 Current/A 0.84 0.87 0.93 0.96 0.99 1.03 1.07 1.13 1. 24 3 SCFM 788 736 687 648 597 558 511 473 44 Power/W 86 91 100 108 114 121 128 133 14 Current/A 0.95 0.99 1.11 1.14 1.18 1.21 1.26 1.31 1. 4 (Factory Default) Power/W 121 128 135 144 151 159 165 173 116 5 Power/W 121 128 135 144 151 159 165 173 116 6 Power/W 233 241 249 258 265 275 281 286 22 1 Power/W 233 241 249 258 265 275 281 28												313 118
24 2 3 SCFM Power/W Current/A 788 736 687 648 597 558 511 473 44 4 2 3 Power/W Current/A 86 91 100 108 114 121 128 133 14 4 (Factory Default) SCFM 883 842 796 758 717 681 642 599 55 4 (Factory Default) Power/W 121 128 135 144 151 159 165 173 14 5 SCFM 103 1073 1036 998 967 934 896 855 8 5 Power/W 233 241 249 258 265 275 281 286 22 1 1.97 2.03 2.09 2.16 2.22 2.29 2.34 2.37 2. 1 Power/W 78 72 65 60 54		2										1.16
24 2 3 Power/W Current/A 86 91 100 108 114 121 128 133 14 4 (Factory Default) 0.95 0.99 1.11 1.14 1.18 1.21 1.26 1.31 1.1 4 (Factory Default) SCFM 883 842 796 758 717 681 642 599 55 Power/W 121 128 135 144 151 159 165 173 14 5 Power/W 121 1.28 1.32 1.38 1.43 1.47 1.54 1.59 1.5 5 Power/W 233 241 249 258 265 275 281 286 29 6 Power/W 233 241 249 258 265 275 281 286 29 1 Power/W 78 72 65 60 54 48 41 38 33												429
A Current/A 0.95 0.99 1.11 1.14 1.18 1.21 1.26 1.31 1. 4 (Factory Default) SCFM 883 842 796 758 717 681 642 599 55 Power/W 121 128 135 144 151 159 165 173 14 5 SCFM 1103 1073 1036 998 967 934 896 855 8 5 Power/W 233 241 249 258 265 275 281 286 22 Current/A 1.97 2.03 2.09 2.16 2.22 2.29 2.34 2.37 2. 1 Power/W 78 72 65 60 54 48 41 38 33 1 Power/W 78 72 65 60 54 48 41 38 33 34 36 <	24 2	3										142
4 (Factory Default) SCFM 883 842 796 758 717 681 642 599 55 Power/W 121 128 135 144 151 159 165 173 14 5 SCFM 1.21 1.28 1.32 1.38 1.43 1.47 1.54 1.59 1.5 5 SCFM 1103 1073 1036 998 967 934 896 855 8 6 Power/W 233 241 249 258 265 275 281 286 29 1 9/0wer/W 233 241 249 258 265 275 281 286 29 1 1.97 2.03 2.09 2.16 2.22 2.29 2.34 2.37 2. 1 Power/W 78 72 65 60 54 48 41 38 33 1 Power/W												1.37
Power/W 121 128 135 144 151 159 165 173 115 Current/A 1.21 1.28 1.32 1.38 1.43 1.47 1.54 1.59 1.5		4										524
SCFM 1.21 1.28 1.32 1.38 1.43 1.47 1.54 1.59 1. 5 SCFM 1103 1073 1036 998 967 934 896 855 8 7 Power/W 233 241 249 258 265 275 281 286 29 Current/A 1.97 2.03 2.09 2.16 2.22 2.29 2.34 2.37 2. 1 Power/W 78 72 65 60 54 48 41 38 33 Current/A 0.68 0.64 0.59 0.52 0.46 0.42 0.36 0.29 0. 2 Power/W 109 99 106 111 120 126 135 140 14			Power/W	121	128	135	144	151	159	165	173	181
5 Power/W 233 241 249 258 265 275 281 286 295 Current/A 1.97 2.03 2.09 2.16 2.22 2.29 2.34 2.37 2.2 1 Power/W 78 72 65 60 54 48 41 38 33 Current/A 0.68 0.64 0.59 0.52 0.46 0.42 0.36 0.29 0. 2 Power/W 109 99 106 111 120 126 135 140 14			Current/A									1.64
Current/A 1.97 2.03 2.09 2.16 2.22 2.29 2.34 2.37 2. 1 SCFM 898 752 603 511 405 360 301 259 24 1 Power/W 78 72 65 60 54 48 41 38 33 Current/A 0.68 0.64 0.59 0.52 0.46 0.42 0.36 0.29 0. 2 SCFM 1026 902 810 694 630 544 490 409 33 2 Power/W 109 99 106 111 120 126 135 140 14												814
SCFM 898 752 603 511 405 360 301 259 20 1 Power/W 78 72 65 60 54 48 41 38 33 Current/A 0.68 0.64 0.59 0.52 0.46 0.42 0.36 0.29 0. 2 Power/W 109 99 106 111 120 126 135 140 14		5										291
1 Power/W 78 72 65 60 54 48 41 38 33 Current/A 0.68 0.64 0.59 0.52 0.46 0.42 0.36 0.29 0. SCFM 1026 902 810 694 630 544 490 409 39 2 Power/W 109 99 106 111 120 126 135 140 140										1	1	2.41
Current/A 0.68 0.64 0.59 0.52 0.46 0.42 0.36 0.29 0. SCFM 1026 902 810 694 630 544 490 409 30 2 Power/W 109 99 106 111 120 126 135 140 140		1										203 36
SCFM 1026 902 810 694 630 544 490 409 30 2 Power/W 109 99 106 111 120 126 135 140 140		· · · · ·										0.28
2 Power/W 109 99 106 111 120 126 135 140 14												366
		2										148
			Current/A	0.94	0.86	0.91	0.95	1.03	1.07	1.14	1.18	1.24
3 SCFM 1161 1114 1052 992 893 825 768 694 6		2	SCFM	1161	1114	1052	992	893	825	768	694	646
36 2.5 (Recommended) Power/W 148 158 164 175 187 193 203 209 2	36 2.5											219
Current/A 1.26 1.34 1.39 1.48 1.57 1.61 1.69 1.73 1.			<u>′</u> Current/A									1.81
		4										893
		(Factory Default										253
			SCEM									2.11 1029
		5										367
												2.96
												203
		1										36
										0.36		0.28
												366
		2										148
												1.24
	36 2	3										646
												219 1.81
												893
4 Bower/W 104 205 211 221 233 241 252 253 2		4	Dower/M/									253
		(Factory Default										2.11
												1029
5 Power/W 290 298 307 318 325 337 351 362 3		5		290	298		318		337			367
Current/A 2.35 2.42 2.49 2.58 2.64 2.73 2.83 2.92 2.			Current/A	2.35	2.42	2.49	2.58	2.64	2.73	2.83	2.92	2.96

						CEM	Wet Coil w	ithout filter a	and Electric	Heat		
Model	Outdoor Unit	Motor Speed						Pressure-In				
	Size(Tons)			[0]0	0.1[.025]	0.2[.050]	0.3[.075]				0.7[0.175]	0 80 2001
			SCFM	1344	1284	1226	1151	1076	946	904	893	869
		1	Power/W	143	151	159	168	177	191	197	195	194
		Current/A	1.23	1.26	1.33	1.41	1.50	1.61	1.63	1.61	1.62	
			SCFM	1531	1477	1418	1366	1299	1239	1138	1064	1001
		2	Power/W	200	211	222	231	239	250	266	277	291
		(Recommended)	Current/A	1.73	1.74	1.81	1.89	2.02	2.14	2.22	2.31	2.38
			SCFM	1647	1592	1538	1490	1436	1378	1315	1215	1140
48.60	3.5	3	Power/W	244	254	263	273	283	300	305	325	336
-,			Current/A	2.03	2.11	2.14	2.19	2.31	2.38	2.53	2.64	2.72
			SCFM	1875	1822	1774	1729	1677	1629	1581	1533	1473
		4	Power/W	340	353	365	375	388	399	412	423	437
		(Factory Default)	Current/A	2.73	2.79	2.86	3.02	3.12	3.21	3.29	2.38	3.51
			SCFM	2021	1967	1924	1879	1828	1785	1742	1694	1641
		5	Power/W	409	416	429	447	461	471	487	500	513
			Current/A	3.21	3.29	3.38	3.52	3.61	3.73	3.76	3.86	4.04
			SCFM	1344	1284	1226	1151	1076	946	904	893	869
		1	Power/W	143	151	159	168	177	191	197	195	194
			Current/A	1.23	1.26	1.33	1.41	1.50	1.61	1.63	1.61	1.62
			SCFM	1531	1477	1418	1366	1299	1239	1138	1064	1001
	2	Power/W	200	211	222	231	239	250	266	277	291	
		Current/A	1.73	1.74	1.81	1.89	2.02	2.14	2.22	2.31	2.38	
		. 3	SCFM	1647	1592	1538	1490	1436	1378	1315	1215	1140
48,60	4	(Recommended)	Power/W	244	254	263	273	283	300	305	325	336
		(I CCOIIIIICIIaCa)	Current/A	2.03	2.11	2.14	2.19	2.31	2.38	2.53	2.64	2.72
		4	SCFM	1875	1822	1774	1729	1677	1629	1581	1533	1473
		(Factory Default)	Power/W	340	353	365	375	388	399	412	423	437
			Current/A	2.73	2.79	2.86	3.02	3.12	3.21	3.29	2.38	3.51
		-	SCFM	2021	1967	1924	1879	1828	1785	1742	1694	1641
		5	Power/W	409	416	429	447	461	471	487	500	513
			Current/A	3.21	3.29	3.38	3.52	3.61	3.73	3.76	3.86	4.04
			CFM	1344	1284	1226	1151	1076	946	904	893	869
		1	Watts	143	151	159	168	177	191	197	195	194
			Current/A	1.23	1.26	1.33	1.41	1.50	1.61	1.63	1.61	1.62
		0	CFM	1531	1477	1418	1366	1299	1239	1138	1064	1001
		2	Watts	200	211	222	231	239	250	266	277	291
			Current/A	1.73	1.74	1.81	1.89	2.02	2.14	2.22	2.31	2.38
48.60	5	3	CFM	1647	1592	1538	1490	1436	1378	1315	1215	1140
48,60	S	3	Watts	244	254	263	273	283	300	305	325	336
			Current/A CFM	2.03	2.11	2.14	2.19	2.31	2.38	2.53	2.64	2.72
		4	СFM Watts	<u>1875</u> 340	1822 353	1774 365	1729 375	1677 388	1629 399	1581 412	1533 423	1473 437
		(Factory Default)	Current/A	2.73	2.79	2.86	375	388	399	3.29	2.38	<u>437</u> 3.51
			CFM	2.73	1967	2.80 1924	3.0 1879	3.12 1828		3.29 1742	2.38	1641
		5	Watts	409	416	429	447	461	1785 471	487	500	513
			Current/A	3.21	3.29	3.38	3.52	3.61	3.73	487 3.76	3.86	4.04
			Guireni/A	J.Z I	5.29	5.30	J.0Z	5.01	5.15	5.70	5.00	4.04

--- Shaded boxes represent airflow outside the required 300-450 cfm/ton.

NOTES: Airflow based upon cooling performance at 230V with no electric heat and no filter. Airflow at 208V is approximately the same as 230V because the mult-tap ECM motor is a constant torque motor. The torque doesn't drop off at the speeds in which the motor operates. The air distribution system has the greatest effect on airflow. The duct system is totally controlled by the contractor. For this reason, the contractor should use only industry-recognized procedures.

Heat pump systems require a specified airflow for electric heat operating. Each ton of cooling requires between 350 and 450 cubic feet of air per minute (CFM), or 400 CFM nominally.

Duct design and construction should be carefully done. System performance can be lowered dramatically through bad planning or workmanship. Air supply diffusers must be selected and located carefully. They must be sized and positioned to deliver treated air along the perimeter of the space. If they are too small for their intended airflow, they become noisy. If they are not located properly, they cause drafts. Return air grilles must be properly sized to carry air back to the blower. If they are too small, they also cause noise.

The installers should balance the air distribution system to ensure proper quiet airflow to all rooms in the home. This ensures a comfortable living space.

An air velocity meter or airflow hood can be used to balance and verify branch and system airflow (CFM).

6. DUCTWORK

Field ductwork must comply with the National Fire Protection Association NFPA 90A, NFPA 90B and any applicable local ordinance.



WARNING

Do not, under any circumstances, connect return ductwork to any other heat producing device such as fireplace insert, stove, etc. Unauthorized use of such devices may result in fire, carbon monoxide poisoning, explosion, personal injury or property damage.

Sheet metal ductwork run in unconditioned spaces must be insulated and covered with a vapor barrier. Fibrous ductwork may be used if constructed and installed in accordance with SMACNA Construction Standard on Fibrous Glass Ducts. Ductwork must comply with National Fire Protection Association as tested by UL Standard 181 for Class I Air Ducts. Check local codes for requirements on ductwork and insulation.

- Duct system must be designed within the range of external static pressure the unit is designed to operate against. It is important that the system airflow be adequate. Make sure supply and return ductwork, grills, special filters, accessories, etc. are accounted for in total resistance. See airflow performance tables in this manual.
- Design the duct system in accordance with "ACCA" Manual "D" Design for Residential Winter and Summer Air Conditioning and Equipment Selection. Latest editions are available from: "ACCA" Air Conditioning Contractors of America, 1513 16th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20036. If duct system incorporates flexible air duct, be sure pressure drop Information (straight length plus all turns) shown in "ACCA" Manual "D" is accounted for in system.
- Supply plenum is attached to the 3/4" duct flanges supplied with the unit. Attach flanges around the blower outlet.

IMPORTANT: If an elbow is included in the plenum close to the unit, it can not be smaller than the dimensions of the supply duct flange on the unit.

IMPORTANT: The front flange on the return duct if connected to the blower casing must not be screwed into the area where the power wiring is located. Drills or sharp screw points can damage insulation on wires located inside unit.

 Secure the supply and return ductwork to the unit flanges, using proper fasteners for the type of duct used and tape the duct-to-unit joint as required to prevent air leaks.

7. REFRIGERANT CONNECTIONS

Keep the coil connections sealed until refrigerant connections are made. See the Installation Instructions for the outdoor unit for details on line sizing, tubing installation, and charging information.

Coil is shipped with Nitrogen. Evacuate the system before charging with refrigerant.

Install refrigerant tubing so that it does not block service access to the front of the unit.

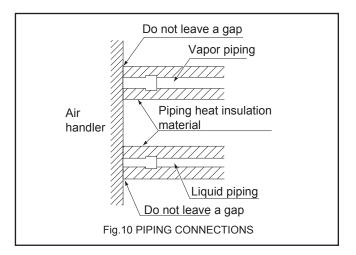
Nitrogen should flow through the refrigerant lines while brazing. Use a brazing shield to protect the cabinet's paint and a wet rag to protect the rubber grommet and input pipe's pistion seal ring from being damaged by torch flames.

After the refrigerant connections are made, seal the gap around the connections with pressure sensitive gasket.

WARNING

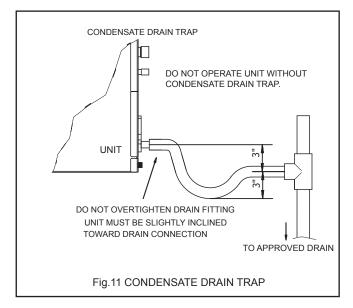
Use a wet rag to protect the two seal ring in the input pipe from being damaged by torch flames while brazing.

After the work is finished,make sure to check that there is no vapor leak After checking for vapor leaks,be sure to insulate the piping connections referring to Fig.10.



7.1 CONDENSATE DRAIN TUBING

Consult local codes for specific requirements.



IMPORTANT:

 When making drain fitting connections to the drain pan, use a thin layer of Teflon paste, silicone or Teflon tape and install, hand tighten.
 When making drain fitting connections to drain pan, do not overtighten. Over tightening fittings can split pipe connections on the drain pan.

- Install drain lines so they do not block service access to front of the unit. Minimum clearance of 24 inches is required for filter, coil or blower removal and service access.
- Make sure unit is level or pitched slightly toward primary drain connection so that water will drain completely from the pan. (See Fig.11)
- Do not reduce drain line size less than connection size provided on condensate drain pan. Use 3/4" PVC piping for drain piping connections.
- All drain lines must be pitched downward away from the unit a minimum of 1/8" per foot of line to ensure proper drainage.
- Do not connect condensate drain line to a closed or open sewer pipe. Run condensate to an open drain or run line to a safe outdoor area.
- The drain line should be insulated where necessary to prevent sweating and damage due to condensate forming on the outside surface of the line.
- Make provisions for disconnecting and cleaning of the primary drain line should it become necessary. Install a 3 inch trap in the primary drain line as close to the unit as possible. Make sure that the top of the trap is below connection to the drain pan to allow complete drainage of pan (See Fig. 11).

- Auxiliary drain line should be run to a place where it will be noticeable if it becomes operational. Homeowner should be warned that a problem exists if water should begin running from the auxiliary drain line.
- Plug the unused drain connection with the plugs provided in the parts bag, using a thin layer of teflon paste, silicone or teflon tape to form a water tight seal.
- Test condensate drain pan and drain line after installation is complete. Pour water into drain pan, enough to fill drain trap and line. Check to make sure drain pan is draining completely, no leaks are found in drain line fittings, and water is draining from the termination of the primary drain line.
- Be sure to insulate the drain piping and drain socket since condensation may cause water leakage.
- Be sure to install a drain trap at the drain outlet since the inside of the unit is at negative pressure relative to atmospheric pressure during operation.

8. AIR FILTER (not factory-installed)

External filter or other means of filtration is required. Units should be sized for a maximum of 300 feet/min air velocity or what is recommended for the type filter installed.

Filter application and placement are critical to airflow, which may affect the heating and cooling system performance. Reduced airflow can shorten the life of the system's major components, such as motor, limits, elements, heat relays, evaporator coil or compressor. Consequently, we recommend that the return air duct system have only one filter location. For systems with a return air filter grill or multiple filter grills, can have a filter installed at each of the return air openings.

If adding high efficiency filters or electronic air filtration systems, it is very important that the air flow is not reduced. If air flow is reduced the overall performance and efficiency of the unit will be reduced. It is strongly recommended that a professional installation technician is contacted to ensure installation of these such filtration systems are installed correctly.

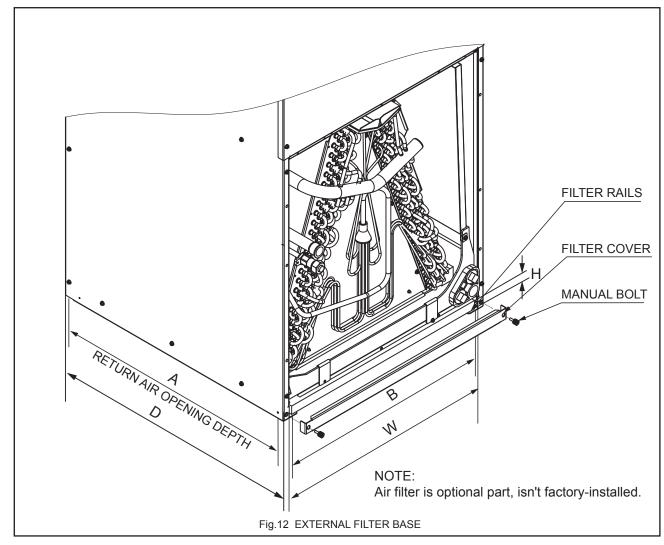
IMPORTANT: Do not double filter the return air duct system. Do not filter the supply air duct system. This will change the performance of the unit and reduce airflow.

WARNING

Do not operate the system without filters. A portion of the dust entrained in the air may temporarily lodge In the duct runs and at the supply registers. Any circulated dust particles could be heated and charred by contact with the air handler elements. This residue could soil ceilings, walls, drapes, carpets and other articles in the house.

Soot damage may occur with filters in place, when certain types of candles, oil lamps or standing pilots are burned.

9. FILTER INSTALLATION DIMENSIONS



DIMENSIONAL DATA

MODEL	FILTER SIZE IN [mm]	"W" IN [mm]	"D" IN [mm]	"H" IN [mm]	Return width "A" IN	Return length "B" IN
24	16X20[406X508]	16.8[426]	20.4[518]	1[25.4]	19.6	14.8
36	18X20[457X508]	18.3[466]	21.6[548]	1[25.4]	20.8	16.3
48,60	20X22[508X559]	20.7[526]	23.9[608]	1[25.4]	23	18.8

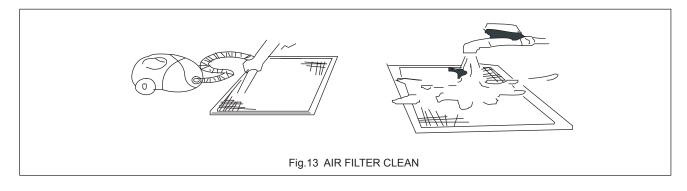
• AIR FILTER REMOVAL

1. Remove bolts manually, remove air filter recover, see in Fig.12.

2. Hold the edge of the air filter and extract out.

3. Clean the air filter (Vacuum cleaner or pure water may be used to clean the air filter. If the dust accumulation is too heavy, use soft brush and mild detergent to clean it and dry out in cool place). See in Fig. 13.

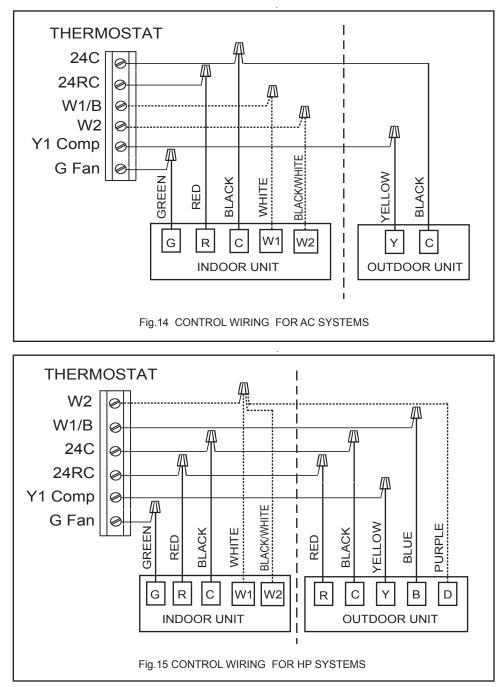
4. Install new filter so that the arrow on the filter is in the same direction as airflow.



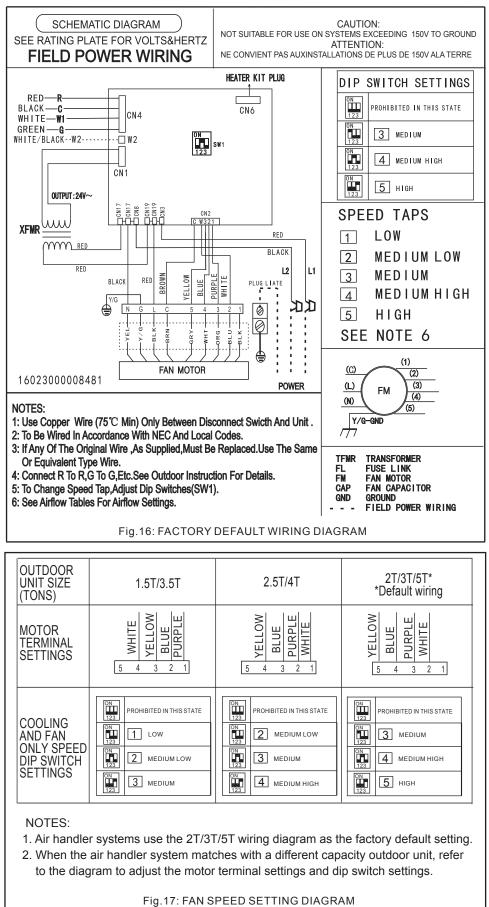
10.WIRING DIAGRAM

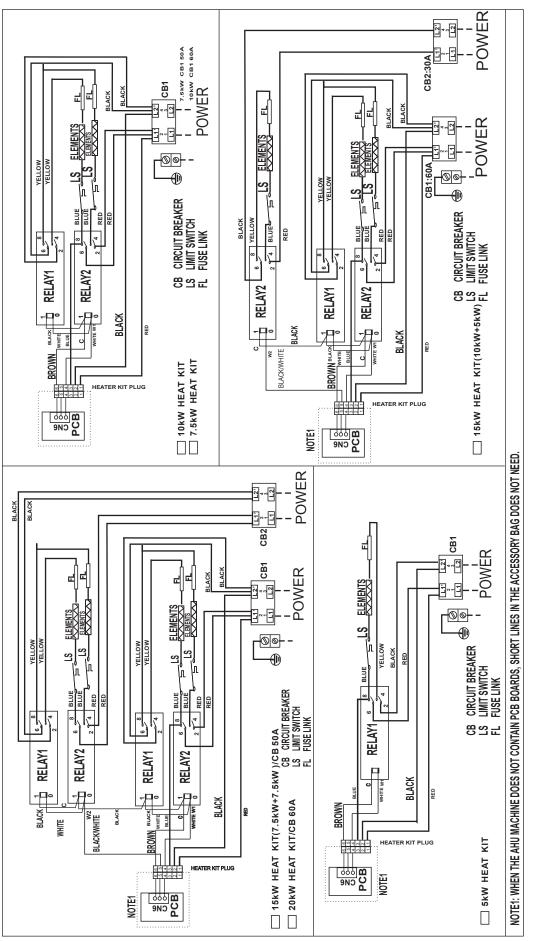
1. To avoid the electrical shock, please connect the air conditioner with the ground lug. The main power plug in the air conditioner has been joined with the ground wiring, please don't change it freely.

- 2. The power socket is used as the air conditioner specially.
- 3. Don't pull the power wiring hard.
- 4. When connecting the air conditioner with the ground, observe the local codes.
- 5. If necessary, use the power fuse or the circuit, breaker or the corresponding scale ampere.









Wiring is subject to change. Always refer to the wiring diagram on the unit for the most up-to-date wiring.

Table1. Factory installed piston size for each model.

Model	50	52	56	58	63	65	68	70	73	75	76	83	90
D1524HAEAL	Х												
D1536HAEAL							Х						
D1548HAEAL													Х
D1560HAEAL													Х



WARNING

Failure to install the proper piston can lead to poor system performance and possible compressor damage.

Table 2 . Piston size for system combination.

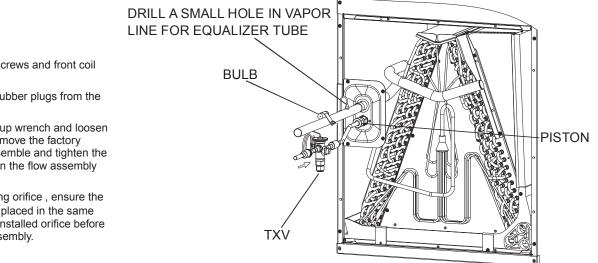
Outdoor Unit Model	Indoor Unit Model	Piston Size(R410a)
D1418HCL		0.050
D1418ACB	D1524HAEAL 0.050 factory installed	0.050
D1424ACB		0.058
D1424HC		0.058
D1430ACB	D1536HAEAL 0.068 factory installed	0.068
D1436ACB		0.068
D1442ACB	D1548HAEAL	0.075
D1448ACB	0.090 factory installed	0.083
D1442HC		0.075
D1448HC	D1560HAEAL	0.083
D1460HC	0.090 factory installed	0.090
D1460HCL		0.090

Table 3 . Optional TXV kit part numbers. Some combinations may require a TXV. See AHRI for system combination ratings.

Outdoor Unit					
Capacity (Tons)	R410a TXV Kit				
1.5-3.0	TR6-3TONB				
3.5-4.0	TR6-4TON				
5	TR6-5TON				

Orifice/TXV Replacement Information

NOTE: The orifice / TXV replacement options noted in this sheet supersede those in the installation guide. Please reference this sheet for all refrigerant metering options.



Step 1: Remove the screws and front coil panel.

Step 2: Remove the rubber plugs from the liquid and vapor lines.

Step 3: Using a back up wrench and loosen the flow assembly. Remove the factory installed piston Reassemble and tighten the flow assembly. Tighten the flow assembly to 11 (±2) ft-lb

Step 4: When changing orifice, ensure the replacement orifice is placed in the same orientation as the preinstalled orifice before tightening the flow assembly.

TXV-Specific Steps

Step 5: Drill a small hole in the suction line for the TXV equalizer line. The hole must be on top as noted in the picture.

Step 6: Dry fit the TXV to the liquid line entering the coil. The valve must be in the upright position as pictured. Keep the valve as close to the coil as possible, although a short piece of field fabricated tubing may be needed. The TXV must be mounted in the CORRECT direction of flow. Place the TXV equalizer line 3 to 4 mm inside the small hole drilled in the vapor line.

Step 7: Wrap the TXV and coil panel with a wet rag to prevent overheating while brazing. Use a nitrogen flow and braze all connections.

Step 8: Allow tubing to cool and pressurize line sets with 150 PSI of nitrogen to check braze connections and flow assembly for leaks. Make repairs as needed.

Step 9: Locate and clean a straight section of the vapor line as close to the coil as possible. Use the supplied copper straps to secure the TXV sensing bulb on top of the vapor line as pictured.

Step 10: Insulate the entire vapor line and sensing bulb. It is also recommended to insulate the TXV and liquid line between the valve and coil to prevent condensation in hot and humid environments.

Step 11: Replace the front coil panel and secure in place.

Step 12: Follow the steps in the installation guide for vacuum requirements and system start up procedures.

Step 13: Allow system to run for a 20-30 minutes in the cooling mode.

- A: For fixed orifice installation: Use the superheat charging chart to obtain proper superheat based on indoor / outdoor conditions.
- B: For TXV installation: Charge the system to 10 degrees of subcooling. Adjust the expansion valve to achieve 9 (± 3 degrees) of superheat.

Step 14: Allow system to run for an additional 20-30 minutes to verify the subcooling and superheat readings.



Fig.19 ORIFICE/TXV REPLACEMENT INFORMATION

16126000A15262 V1.1

此处不做菲林 仅作为电子文档说明 1.版本号V1.0 2.印刷颜色为黑白 3.双胶纸100g,大A4规格

版本号升级:V1.0-V1.1 升级内容: 删除P11单词"AMERISTAR"